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Montana Animal

Species of Concern

JULY 2009

Montana Fish,

Introduction

This report is produced jointly by the Montana Natural Heritage Program (MTNHP) and Montana Department of Fish, Wildlife, and Parks (MFWP). Montana Animal **Species of Concern** are native Montana animals that are considered to be "at risk" due to declining population trends, threats to their habitats, and/or restricted distribution. Also included in this report are Potential Animal Species of Concern -- animals for which current, often limited, information suggests potential vulnerability or for which additional data are needed before an accurate status assessment can be made. Over the last 200 years, 5 species with historic breeding ranges in Montana have been extirpated from the state; Woodland Caribou (Rangifer tarandus), Greater Prairie-Chicken (Tympanuchus cupido), Passenger Pigeon (Ectopistes migratorius), Pilose Crayfish (Pacifastacus gambelii), and Rocky Mountain Locust (Melanoplus spretus). Designation as a Montana Animal Species of Concern or Potential Animal Species of Concern is not a statutory or regulatory classification. Instead, these designations provide a basis for resource managers and decision-makers to make proactive decisions regarding species conservation and data collection priorities in order to avoid additional extirpations.

Status determinations are made by MTNHP and MFWP biologists in consultation with representatives of the Montana Chapter of the Wildlife Society, the Montana Chapter of the American Fisheries Society and other experts. The process for evaluating and assigning status designations uses the Natural Heritage Program ranking system, described below, which forms the basis for identifying Montana Species of Concern.

UPDATES IN THIS REPORT

This report identifies 128 vertebrate and 83 invertebrate Species of Concern (SOC). Another 32 vertebrates and 51 invertebrates are identified as Potential Species of Concern (PSOC). See the animal group summary table below for totals by animal group. The focus of this review was to evaluate 83 bird species that had previously not been reviewed with the NatureServe ranking criteria and were on the previous Species of Concern List, listed as of concern on other conservation lists, or for which a review was requested. Three species included on the 2008 SOC report (Barn Owl (Tyto alba), Lark Bunting (Calamospiza melanocorys), and Olive-sided Flycatcher (Contopus cooperi)) and 4 species included on the 2008 PSOC report (American Three-toed Woodpecker (Picoides dorsalis), Baltimore Oriole (Icterus galbula), Orchard Oriole (*Icterus spurious*), and Williamson's Sapsucker (Sphyrapicus thyroideus)) have been dropped entirely as a result of increasing or stable trends or a reduction in recognized threats. For similar reasons, 7 species have been downgraded from SOC to PSOC status Black-andwhite Warbler (*Mniotilta varia*), Broad-tailed Hummingbird (Selasphorus platycercus), Cassin's Kingbird (Tyrannus vociferans), Dickcissel (Spiza americana), Eastern Bluebird (Sialia sialis), Northern Hawk Owl (Surnia ulula), and Northern Leopard Frog (*Rana pipiens*) populations on the Great Plains.

Ten vertebrate and 1 invertebrate species, 7 of which were previously classified as PSOC, were added as new Species of Concern based on declining population trends and/or ongoing threats to habitats that are likely to lead

Species of Concern Mammals 30 (29%) Birds 64 (21%) Reptiles 9 (53%) Amphibians 6 (46%) Fish 19 (31%) Invertebrates 83 (unknown%) Potential Species of Concern

SPECIES TOTALS BY ANIMAL GROUP

Mammals......7 (7%)

 Birds
 18 (6%)

 Fish
 8 (13%)

 Invertebrates
 51 (unknown%)

HABITAT ASSOCIATION SUMMARY FOR ALL SPECIES OF CONCERN AND POTENTIAL SPECIES OF CONCERN

Wetlands
Wettands2070
Sagebrush/Grassland14%
Conifer Forest
Riparian Forest6%
Alpine5%
Other/Generalist5%
Rock Outcrop5%
Caves

to population declines; Black-billed Cuckoo (Coccyzus erythropthalmus), Black-necked Stilt (Himantopus mexicanus), Brown Creeper (Certhia americana), Golden Eagle (Aquila chrysaetos), Great Blue Heron (Ardea herodias), Horned Grebe (Podiceps auritus), Northern Goshawk (Accipiter gentilis), Pileated Woodpecker (Dryocopus pileatus), Veery (Catharus fuscescens), Winter Wren (Troglodytes troglodytes), and a Northern Rocky Mountain Refugium Stonefly (Soyedina potteri). Barrow's Goldeneye (Bucephala islandica) and Hooded Merganser (Lophodytes cucullatus) were added as Potential Species of Concern due to uncertainty about their population status in the face of declining quality of, and threats to, riparian habitats. A number of invertebrate groups (e.g., earthworms, centipedes, spiders) deserve a focused review of their status, but due to the amount of time required, systematic reviews of the status of these groups will have to be dealt with in future updates.

In addition to these deletions and additions, global or state ranks were downgraded (decreased risk) for 26 species and upgraded (increased risk) for 3 species that remained on the SOC and PSOC report; noted in bold on each list. These changes were largely a result of more consistent scoring with the NatureServe ranking criteria, but also resulted from a better understanding of their state and global status.

In order to make this report more useful, we have added habitat associations for each species. Tables on the front and back pages summarize the percentage of SOC and PSOC animals that depend on major habitat types to assist managers in conserving habitats, rather than individual species.

This report also includes notes indicating whether a species has $\geq 20\%$ of their current global breeding range in Montana, making their conservation in Montana of global significance, and if a species has a limited breeding distribution in Montana ($\leq 5\%$ of the state), making conservation efforts in the areas where they do occur more important to their conservation within Montana.

HERITAGE PROGRAM RANKS

The international network of Natural Heritage Programs employs a standardized ranking system to denote global and state status. Each species is given a global (G) rank, denoting range-wide status, and a state (S) rank for its status in Montana. Status ranks range from 1 (greatest concern) to 5 (least concern). Global ranks are assigned by scientists at NatureServe (the international affiliate organization for the heritage network) in consultation with biologists in the natural heritage programs and other taxonomic experts. State ranks are determined jointly by MTNHP and MFWP biologists, in consultation with the Montana Chapter of the Wildlife Society, the Montana Chapter of the American Fisheries Society and other experts.

Among other things, the combination of global and state ranks often helps describe the proportion of a species' range and/or total population occurring in Montana. For instance, a rank of G3 S3 often indicates that Montana comprises most or a very significant portion of an animal's total population. In contrast, an animal ranked G5 S1 often occurs in Montana at the periphery of its much larger range; thus, the state supports a relatively small portion of its total population.

What Species are Included in this Report

Montana Species of Concern are defined as vertebrate animals with a state rank of S1, S2, or S3. Vertebrate species with a rank indicating uncertainty (SU) or a "range rank" extending below the S3 cutoff (e.g., S3S4) are considered Potential Species of Concern.

Because documentation for invertebrates is typically less complete than for vertebrates, only those ranked S1 or S2 are included as SOC. Invertebrates with a range rank extending below S2 (e.g., S2S3) are included as SOC only if their global ranks are G2G3 or G3, or if experts agree their occurrence in Montana has been adequately documented. Other invertebrates of concern with global ranks other than G1, G2, or G3 and with state ranks below S2 or range ranks extending below S2 (e.g., S3S4) are treated as Potential Species of Concern.

How Species are Ranked

In 2004 we began implementing a more rigorous methodology with more consistent and quantifiable criteria to assign status ranks. The goal is to improve the accuracy of ranks and better document the basis for each rank. A more rigorous and well-documented ranking procedure is important to a variety of agencies with responsibilities to manage wildlife populations.

This approach to assessing species' status is based on methods developed by NatureServe (Regan et al. 2004). These criteria include population size, area of occupancy in Montana, short and long-term trends, threats, inherent vulnerability, and specificity to environment. Based on these factors, a preliminary rank is calculated and is reviewed by key experts.

It is important to note that while the ranking process has changed, the definitions and the fundamental criteria remain the same. The principle difference is that criteria are now being applied in a more rigorous and consistent manner. Detailed documentation of the criteria and assessment process are available on the MTNHP website at http://mtnhp.org/animal/2004_SOC_Criteria.pdf.

Definitions of Ranks used in this Report

- G1 / S1 At high risk because of extremely limited and/or rapidly declining numbers, range, and/or habitat, making it highly vulnerable to global extinction or extirpation in the state.
- G2 / S2 At risk because of very limited and/or declining numbers, range, and/or habitat, making it vulnerable to global extinction or extirpation in the state.
- G3 / S3 Potentially at risk because of limited and/or declining numbers, range, and/or habitat, even though it may be abundant in some areas.
- G4 / S4 Uncommon but not rare (although it may be rare in parts of its range), and usually widespread.

 Apparently not vulnerable in most of its range, but possibly cause for long-term concern.
- G5 / S5 Common, widespread, and abundant (although it may be rare in parts of its range). Not vulnerable in most of its range.
- GU / SU Currently unrankable due to lack of information or due to substantially conflicting information about status or trends.
- GH / SH Historically occurred; may be rediscovered.
- GX / SX Presumed to be extinct or extirpated from Montana; historical records only.

Other codes and rank modifiers:

- B State rank modifier indicating breeding for a migratory species: B = Breeding
- HYB A global rank denoting a hybrid.
- M A state rank modifier indicating migratory stop over status for a species.
- N A state rank modifier referring to a non-breeding population of the species. N = Non-breeding
- Q A global rank modifier indicating there are taxonomic questions or problems.
- T Denotes the rank for a subspecific taxon (subspecies or population); appended to the global rank for the full species. The S Rank following applies to the subspecific taxon.

How to Read this Report

Species are listed alphabetically by common name within major groups, which are organized in taxonomic order from mammals to invertebrates. Species with names **bolded and underlined** are new additions to the Species of Concern or

Potential Species of Concern report. Species downgraded from Concern to Potential Concern are not shown as new. Global or state ranks are **bolded and underlined** if they have changed from the previous report.

Current federal agency status designations are also provided, including legal status under the U.S. Endangered Species Act, and administrative designations of the U.S. Forest Service and Bureau of Land Management. Conservation and inventory status of species in Montana's Comprehensive Fish and Wildlife Conservation Strategy (MFWP 2005) are also provided.

Federal Status Designations FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

This column indicates status under the federal Endangered Species Act of 1973 based on categories defined by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (16 U.S.C.A. §1531-1543 (Supp. 1996)).

Listed Endangered
Listed Threatened
Proposed Endangered
Proposed Threatened
Experimental Nonessential
Candidate (species for which the U.S.
Fish and Wildlife Service has sufficient
information on biological status and threats to
propose listing as threatened or endangered)
Recovered, delisted, and now being monitored

FOREST SERVICE

The U.S. Forest Service Manual (2670.22) defines Sensitive species on Forest Service lands as those for which population viability is a concern as evidenced by significant downward trend in population or a significant downward trend in habitat capacity. The Regional Forester (Northern Region) designates Sensitive species on National Forests in Montana. These designations were last updated in 2004 and they apply only on USFS-administered lands.

Note: The U.S. Forest Service is implementing new planning regulations (2005) which will lead to changes in the identification of "special status" species on National Forest lands. For the time being, Sensitive species will continue to be recognized for Region 1 under existing agency policy, but in addition many of the newly revised Forest Plans may also identify USFS Species of Concern and USFS Species of Interest as outlined below. During this transition period, a "USFS" designation in the federal status column refers to the status under the existing Sensitive Species policy.

<u>USFS Species-of-Concern</u> (FSH 1909.12, 43.22b) are species for which the Responsible Official determines management actions may be necessary to prevent listing under the Endangered Species Act (ESA). The Responsible

Official, as appropriate, may identify the following plant and animal species, including macro-lichens, as species-ofconcern:

- 1. Species identified as proposed and candidate species under the ESA.
- 2. Species with ranks of G-1 through G-3 on the NatureServe ranking system.
- 3. Infraspecific (subspecific) taxa with ranks of T-1 through T-3 on the NatureServe ranking system.
- 4. Species that have been petitioned for federal listing and for which a positive "90-day finding" has been made (a 90-day finding is a preliminary finding that substantive information was provided indicating that the petition listing may be warranted and a full status review will be conducted).
- 5. Species that have been recently delisted (these include species delisted within the past five years and other delisted species for which regulatory agency monitoring is still considered necessary).

<u>USFS Species-of-Interest</u> (FSH 1909.12, 43.22c) are species for which the Responsible Official determines that management actions may be necessary or desirable to achieve ecological or other multiple-use objectives. The Responsible Official may review the following sources for potential species-of-interest:

- 1. Species with ranks of S-1, S-2, N1, or N2 on the NatureServe ranking system.
- 2. State listed threatened and endangered species that do not meet the criteria as species-of-concern.
- 3. Species identified as species of conservation concern in State Comprehensive Wildlife Strategies.
- 4. Bird species on the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Birds of Conservation Concern National Priority list (for the U.S. portion of the northern Rockies that occur in National Forest system lands).
- 5. Additional species that valid existing information indicates are of regional or local conservation concern (this includes all Forest Service Northern Region sensitive species) due to factors that may include:
 - a. Significant threats to populations or habitat.
 - b. Declining trends in populations or habitat.
 - c. Rarity
 - d. Restricted ranges (for example, narrow endemics, disjunct populations, or species at the edge of their range).
- 6. Species that are hunted or fished and other species of public interest. Invasive species may also be considered.

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

BLM Sensitive Species are defined by the BLM 6840 Manual as those that normally occur on Bureau

administered lands for which BLM has the capability to significantly affect the conservation status of the species through management. Such species should be managed to the level of protection required by State laws or under the BLM policy for candidate species, whichever would provide better opportunity for its conservation. The State Director may designate additional categories of special status species as appropriate and applicable to his or her state's needs. The sensitive species designation, for species other than federally listed, proposed, or candidate species, may include such native species as those that:

- 1. could become endangered in or extirpated from a state, or within a significant portion of its distribution in the foreseeable future.
- 2. are under status review by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and/or National Marine Fisheries Service,
- 3. are undergoing significant current or predicted downward trends in habitat capability that would reduce a species' existing distribution,
- 4. are undergoing significant current or predicted downward trends in population or density such that federally listed, proposed, candidate, or State listed status may become necessary,
- 5. have typically small and widely dispersed populations,
- 6. are inhabiting ecological refugia, specialized or unique habitats, or
- 7. are State listed but which may be better conserved through application of BLM sensitive species status.

MONTANA FISH, WILDLIFE, AND PARKS CFWCS TIFR

Montana's Comprehensive Fish and Wildlife Conservation Strategy (MFWP 2005) identifies fish and wildlife species that are in greatest need of conservation as follows:

- Tier I: Greatest conservation need. Montana Fish,
 Wildlife & Parks has a clear obligation to use
 its resources to implement conservation
 actions that provide direct benefit to these
 species, communities, and focus areas.
- Tier II: Moderate conservation need. Montana Fish, Wildlife & Parks could use its resources to implement conservation actions that provide direct benefit to these species, communities, and focus areas.
- Tier III: Lower conservation need. Although important to Montana's wildlife diversity, these species, communities, and focus areas are either abundant and widespread or are believed to have adequate conservation already in place.
- Tier IV: Species that are non-native, incidental, or on the periphery of their range and are either expanding or very common in adjacent states.

The Comprehensive Fish and Wildlife Conservation Strategy (MFWP 2005) also identifies individual species and taxonomic groups that are in need of inventory.

Each species' conservation and inventory tiering status is indicated in roman numerals before and after a dash, respectively.

Additional Information

Our internet-based *Montana Field Guide* provides information on over 700 vertebrate and 1,100 invertebrate animal species, including Species of Concern and Potential Species of Concern. The Field Guide offers a broad range of information, including species identification, range, habitat, reproduction, food habits, ecology, management, and references. For many Species of Concern, the Field Guide provides extensive detailed information from the databases of MTNHP. For other species, we are still in the process of compiling such information. Photos and call recordings are provided where available. The Field Guide can be accessed at http://fieldguide.mt.gov/ or through the Natural Heritage Program or Montana Fish, Wildlife, and Parks home pages.

Information on the over 710,000 animal observations in the Montana Natural Heritage Program's statewide databases can be accessed in the context of various statewide map layers via the Natural Heritage Program's **TRACKER** website at: http://nhp.nris.state.mt.us/Tracker/NHTMap.aspx We also encourage the submission of new animal observations via this website.

The NatureServe Explorer website provides information on the status of species throughout North America. It can be found at http://natureserve.org/explorer or from a link on the MTNHP website. This application includes status maps showing the state/provincial ranks across each species' range, assembled from the network of natural heritage programs. Note that updated ranks for Montana animals will not be immediately reflected in NatureServe Explorer since this information is only exchanged on an annual basis.

More detailed data on the occurrence of Montana Species of Concern are available on request from MTNHP, using the "Request Data" link on the website or by contacting appropriate staff.

This report is available in printable electronic format on the MTNHP website under "Reports." Hard copies are available on request from MTNHP or from MFWP (see contact information on back cover).

Comments and Feedback

We welcome comments and suggestions, including recommendations for changes in species' status and new observation data. All comments and information should be directed to the MTNHP Senior Zoologist, Bryce Maxell, at <u>bmaxell@mt.gov</u> or at the address below. Please submit animal observations via the TRACKER website at: http://nhp.nris.state.mt.us/Tracker/NHTMap.aspx

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SPECIES OF CONCERN

Vertebrates		Global	State	Federal	CFWCS	Range	
Common Name	Scientific Name	Rank	Rank	Status	Status ¹	Note ²	Habitat
Mammals							
American Bison (free-ranging herds)	Bos bison	G4	S2		I - III	≤ 5% state	grasslands
Arctic Shrew	Sorex arcticus	G5	S1S3		II - I	≤ 5% state	wetlands
Black-footed Ferret	Mustela nigripes	G1	S1	USFWS - E, XN	I - III	≤ 5% state	grasslands
Black-tailed Jack Rabbit	Lepus californicus	G5	S2		II - I	≤ 5% state	sagebrush/grasslands
Black-tailed Prairie Dog	Cynomys Iudovicianus	G4	S3	USFS, BLM	I - III		grasslands
Canada Lynx	Lynx canadensis	G5	S3	USFWS - T	I - III		subalpine conifer forests
Dwarf Shrew	Sorex nanus	G4	S2S3		II - II		rocky habitats
Eastern Red Bat	Lasiurus borealis	G5	S2S3		II - I		riparian cottonwoods
Fisher	Martes pennanti	G5	S3	USFS	II - II		mixed conifer forests
Fringed Myotis	Myotis thysanodes	G4G5	S3	BLM	II - II		riparian & dry mixed conifer forests
Gray Wolf	Canis lupus	G4	S3	USFWS - DM, BLM	I - III		generalist
Great Basin Pocket Mouse	Perognathus parvus	G5	S2S3	USFS, BLM	I - II	≤ 5% state	sagebrush/grasslands
Grizzly Bear	Ursus arctos	G4	S2S3	USFWS - T (N), DM (S), E	BLM I - III		generalist
Hispid Pocket Mouse	Chaetodipus hispidus	G5	S1S3		II - I	≤ 5% state	grasslands
Hoary Bat	Lasiurus cinereus	G5	S3		II - II		riparian and forest habitats
Meadow Jumping Mouse	Zapus hudsonius	G5	S2	BLM	I - I		wetlands
Merriam's Shrew	Sorex merriami	G5	S3		II - II		sagebrush/grasslands
Northern Bog Lemming	Synaptomys borealis	G4	S2	USFS	I - I		wetlands
Northern Myotis	Myotis septentrionalis	G4	S2S3	BLM	II - I		riparian & mixed forest types
Northern Short-tailed Shrew	Blarina brevicauda	G5	S1S3		IV - III	≤ 5% state	wetlands
Pallid Bat	Antrozous pallidus	G5	S2	USFS, BLM	I - I		arid land rock outcrops
Preble's Shrew	Sorex preblei	G4	S3		II - II	≥ 20% global	sagebrush/grasslands
Pygmy Rabbit	Brachylagus idahoensis	G4	S3	USFS, BLM	I - II	≤ 5% state	sagebrush
Spotted Bat	Euderma maculatum	G4	S2	USFS, BLM	I - I		arid land rock outcrops
Swift Fox	Vulpes velox	G3	S3	BLM	П - П		grasslands
Townsend's Big-eared Bat	Corynorhinus townsendii	G4	S2	USFS, BLM	I - I		caves in forested habitats
Uinta Chipmunk	Tamias umbrinus	G5	S3		II - I		high elevation conifer forests
Western Spotted Skunk	Spilogale gracilis	G5	S1S3		II - I		rock outcrops, shrublands/woodlands
White-tailed Prairie Dog	Cynomys leucurus	G4	S1	USFS, BLM	I - III	≤ 5% state	sagebrush/grasslands
Wolverine	Gulo gulo	G4	S3	USFS, BLM	II - III		conifer forests
Birds							
Alder Flycatcher	Empidonax alnorum	G5	<u>S3B</u>		II - I	≤ 5% state	wetlands/shrublands
American Bittern	Botaurus lentifinosus	G4	S3B		II - I		wetlands

¹ Conservation Tier - Inventory Tier 2 ≤ 5% state = species' current breeding range occupies ≤ 5% of Montana; and ≥ 20% global = ≥ 20% of species' current global breeding range is in Montana

Common Name	Scientific Name	Global Rank	State Rank	Federal Status	CFWCS Status¹	Range Note ²	Habitat
Birds (continued)	Scientific Name	IXalik	IXGIIK	Otatus	Otatus	NOLE	Παριτατ
American White Pelican	Pelecanus erythrorhynchos	<u>G4</u>	S3B		III - III	≤ 5% state	lakes
Baird's Sparrow	Ammodramus bairdii	G4	<u>S3B</u>	BLM	II - III	≥ 20% global	grasslands
Bald Eagle	Haliaeetus leucocephalus	G5	S3	USFWS - DM, BLM	I - III	-	riparian forest
Black Rosy-Finch	Leucosticte atrata	G4	S2		II - I	≥ 20% global	alpine
Black Swift	Cypseloides niger	G4	<u>S1B</u>		II - I	-	cliffs/waterfalls
Black Tern	Chlidonias niger	G4	S3B	BLM	I - II		wetlands
Black-backed Woodpecker	Picoides arcticus	G5	<u>S3</u>	USFS, BLM	I - III		conifer forest burns
Black-billed Cuckoo	Coccyzus erythropthalmus	G5	S3B		II - I		prairie riparian forests
Black-crowned Night-heron	Nycticorax nycticorax	G5	S3B	BLM	II - I		wetland/lake w/ emergent vegetation
Black-necked Stilt	Himantopus mexicanus	G5	<u>S3B</u>		III - II		wetlands
Blue-gray Gnatcatcher	Polioptila caerulea	G5	<u>S2B</u>	USFS, BLM	II - I	≤ 5% state	utah juniper
Bobolink	Dolichonyx oryzivorus	G5	S3B	BLM	III - III		moist grasslands
Boreal Chickadee	Poecile hudsonica	G5	<u>S3</u>		II - II		spruce fir forests
Brewer's Sparrow	Spizella breweri	G5	S3B	BLM	II - III		sagebrush
Brown Creeper	Certhia americana	G5	S3		II - II		mixed conifer forests
Burrowing Owl	Athene cunicularia	G4	<u>S3B</u>	USFS, BLM	I - III		grasslands
Caspian Tern	Hydroprogne caspia	G5	S2B		II - II	≤ 5% state	large rivers and lakes
Cassin's Finch	Carpodacus cassinii	G5	S3		II - III		conifer forest
Chestnut-collared Longspur	Calcarius ornatus	G5	<u>S2B</u>	BLM	III - III	≥ 20% global	grasslands
Clark's Grebe	Aechmophorus clarkii	G5	S3B		III - II	≤ 5% state	large lakes
Clark's Nutcracker	Nucifraga columbiana	G5	S3		III - III		conifer forest
Common Loon	Gavia immer	G5	<u>S3B</u>	USFS, BLM	I - III		mountain lakes w/ emergent veg.
Common Tern	Sterna hirundo	G5	S3B		II - II		large rivers and lakes
Ferruginous Hawk	Buteo regalis	G4	S3B	BLM	II - III		sagebrush/grasslands
Flammulated Owl	Otus flammeolus	G4	S3B	USFS, BLM	I - III		conifer forest
Forster's Tern	Sterna forsteri	G5	<u>S3B</u>		II - II		wetlands
Franklin's Gull	Larus pipixcan	G4G5	S3B	BLM	II - II		wetland/lake w/ emergent vegetation
Golden Eagle	Aquila chrysaetos	G5	<u>S3</u>	BLM	II - III		generalist
Grasshopper Sparrow	Ammodramus savannarum	G5	S3B		II - III		grasslands
Gray-crowned Rosy-Finch	Leucosticte tephrocotis	G5	S2B, S5N ³		II - II		alpine
Great Blue Heron	Ardea herodias	G5	<u>S3</u>		III - III		riparian woodlands
Great Gray Owl	Strix nebulosa	G5	S3	BLM	II - III		conifer forest
Greater Sage-Grouse	Centrocercus urophasianus	G4	<u>S2</u>	USFS, BLM	I - III		sagebrush
Harlequin Duck	Histrionicus histrionicus	G4	S2B	USFS, BLM	I - III		mountain streams
Horned Grebe	Podiceps auritus	G5	<u>S3B</u>		II - II		Lakes and wetlands
Least Tern (Interior population)	Sternula antillarum	G4	S1B	USFWS - E	I - III		large prairie rivers

¹ Conservation Tier - Inventory Tier ² ≤ 5% state = species' current breeding range occupies ≤ 5% of Montana; and ≥ 20% global = ≥ 20% of species' current global breeding range is in Montana ³ = S2B - *L.t. tephrocotis*; S5N - *L.t. littoralis*

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Common Name	Scientific Name	Global Rank	State Rank	Federal Status	CFWCS Status ¹	Range Note ²	Habitat
Birds (continued)	Colonino Name	Tunt	- TQIII	- Clutturo	Otatas	Hote	Tidottat
Le Conte's Sparrow	Ammodramus leconteii	G4	S3B	BLM	II - I		prairie wetlands
Lewis's Woodpecker	Melanerpes lewis	G4	S2B		II - II		riparian forest
Loggerhead Shrike	Lanius Iudovicianus	G4	S3B	BLM	II - II		shrublands
Long-billed Curlew	Numenius americanus	G5	<u>S3B</u>	BLM	I - II		grasslands
McCown's Longspur	Calcarius mccownii	G4	<u>S3B</u>	BLM	II - III	≥ 20% global	grasslands
Mountain Plover	Charadrius montanus	<u>G3</u>	S2B	BLM	I - III	≥ 20% global	grasslands
Nelson's Sharp-tailed Sparrow	Ammodramus nelsoni	G5	S3B	BLM	I - I	≤ 5% state	prairie wetlands
Northern Goshawk	Accipiter gentilis	G5	<u>S3</u>	BLM	II - I		mixed conifer forest
Peregrine Falcon	Falco peregrinus	G4	<u>S3</u>	USFWS - DM, USFS, BLM	II - III		cliffs
Pileated Woodpecker	Dryocopus pileatus	G5	S3		II - III		conifer forests with large trees
Pinyon Jay	Gymnorhinus cyanocephalus	G5	S3		II - III		pinyon pine-juniper woodlands
Piping Plover	Charadrius melodus	G3	S2B	USFWS - T	I - III		prairie lake and river shorelines
Red-headed Woodpecker	Melanerpes erythrocephalus	G5	S3B	BLM	II - II		riparian forest
Sage Sparrow	Amphispiza belli	G5	<u>S3B</u>	BLM	III - III		sagebrush
Sage Thrasher	Oreoscoptes montanus	G5	S3B	BLM	III - III		sagebrush
Sedge Wren	Cistothorus platensis	G5	<u>S3B</u>	BLM	I - I	≤ 5% state	prairie wetlands
Sharp-tailed Grouse (Columbian)	Tympanuchus phasianellus columbianus	G4T3	S1		I - I		grasslands
Sprague's Pipit	Anthus spragueii	G4	<u>S3B</u>	BLM	II - III		grasslands
Trumpeter Swan	Cygnus buccinator	G4	<u>S3</u>	BLM	I - III		shallow lakes and wetlands
<u>Veery</u>	Catharus fuscescens	G5	S3B		II - III		riparian forests / shrubby habitats
White-faced Ibis	Plegadis chihi	G5	<u>S3B</u>	BLM	II - I		wetland/lake w/ emergent vegetation
White-tailed Ptarmigan	Lagopus leucurus	G5	S3		II - III		alpine
Whooping Crane	Grus americana	G1	S1M	USFWS - E	I - III		wetlands
Winter Wren	Troglodytes troglodytes	G5	S3		II - III		conifer / riparian forests
Yellow Rail	Coturnicops noveboracensis	G4	<u>S3B</u>	BLM	I - I	≤ 5% state	wetlands
Yellow-billed Cuckoo	Coccyzus americanus	G5	S3B	USFWS - C (w. pop.), BLM	II - I		prairie riparian forests
Reptiles							
Common Sagebrush Lizard	Sceloporus graciosus	G5	S3		II - II		rock outcrops
Greater Short-horned Lizard	Phrynosoma hernandesi	G5	S3	USFS, BLM	II - II		sandy/gravelly soils
Milksnake	Lampropeltis triangulum	G5	S2	USFS, BLM	I - I		rock outcrops
Northern Alligator Lizard	Elgaria coerulea	G5	S3		II - I		talus/rock outcrops
Smooth Green Snake	Opheodrys vernalis	G5	S2		I - I	≤ 5% state	wetlands
Snapping Turtle	Chelydra serpentina	G5	S3	BLM	I - I		prairie streams and rivers
Spiny Softshell	Apalone spinifera	G5	S3	BLM	I - I		prairie rivers & larger streams
Western Hognose Snake	Heterodon nasicus	G5	S2	USFS, BLM	I - I		floodplain friable soils
Western Skink	Eumeces skiltonianus	G5	S3		II - I		grasslands / open conifer forest

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Common Name	Scientific Name	Global Rank	State Rank	Federal Status	CFWCS Status ¹	Range Note ²	Habitat
Amphibians							
Coeur d'Alene Salamander	Plethodon idahoensis	G4	S2	USFS, BLM	I - I	*	spring/seep, waterfall, fractured rock
Great Plains Toad	Bufo cognatus	G5	S2	USFS, BLM	II - I		wetlands, floodplain pools
Idaho Giant Salamander	Dicamptodon aterrimus	G3	S2	USFS	IV - III	≤ 5% state	mountain streams/moist conifer forest
Northern Leopard Frog	Rana pipiens (Intermountain valleys)	G5	S1	USFS, BLM	I - I		wetlands, floodplain pools
Plains Spadefoot	Spea bombifrons	G5	S3	USFS, BLM	II - I		wetlands, floodplain pools
Western Toad	Bufo boreas	G4	S2	USFS, BLM	I - I		wetlands, lakes, floodplain pools
Fish							
Arctic Grayling	Thymallus arcticus	G5	S1	BLM	I - III	≤ 5% state	mountain rivers, lakes
Blue Sucker	Cycleptus elongatus	G3G4	S2S3	BLM	I - III		large prairie rivers
Bull Trout	Salvelinus confluentus	G3	S2	USFWS - T	I - III		mountain streams, rivers, lakes
Columbia River Redband Trout	Oncorhynchus mykiss gairdneri	G5T4	S1	USFS	I - III	≤ 5% state	mountain streams, rivers
Lake Trout (Native)	Salvelinus namaycush	G5	S2		I - I	≤ 5% state	deep mountain lakes
Northern Redbelly X Finescale Dace	Phoxinus eos x Phoxinus neogaeus	HYB	S3	BLM	II - II		small prairie streams
Paddlefish	Polyodon spathula	G4	S1S2	BLM	I - III	≤ 5% state	large prairie rivers
Pallid Sturgeon	Scaphirhynchus albus	G2	S1	USFWS - E	I - II	≤ 5% state	large prairie rivers
Pearl Dace	Margariscus margarita	G5	S2	BLM	I - I	≤ 5% state	small prairie streams
Sauger	Sander canadensis	G5	S2	BLM	I - III		large prairie rivers
Shortnose Gar	Lepisosteus platostomus	G5	S1		I - I	≤ 5% state	large prairie rivers
Sicklefin Chub	Macrhybopsis meeki	G3	S1		I - II	≤ 5% state	large prairie rivers
Spoonhead Sculpin	Cottus ricei	G5	S3		II - I	≤ 5% state	mountain streams, rivers, lakes
Sturgeon Chub	Macrhybopsis gelida	G3	<u>S2S3</u>	USFS, BLM	I - II		large prairie rivers
Torrent Sculpin	Cottus rhotheus	G5	S3		II - I	≤ 5% state	mountain streams
Trout-perch	Percopsis omiscomaycus	G5	S2		I - I		deep lakes, mountain streams
Westslope Cutthroat Trout	Oncorhynchus clarki lewisi	G4T3	S2	USFS, BLM	I - III		mountain streams, rivers, lakes
White Sturgeon	Acipenser transmontanus	G4	S1	USFWS - E	I - III	≤ 5% state	large mountain rivers
Yellowstone Cutthroat Trout	Oncorhynchus clarki bouvieri	G4T2	S2	USFS, BLM	I - III		mountain streams, rivers, lakes

Invertebrates

Mollusks						
A Spring Snail	Pyrgulopsis bedfordensis	G1	S1	-	*	springs
Alpine Mountainsnail	Oreohelix alpina	G1	S1	-	≤ 5% state	limestone talus, alpine
Berry's Mountainsnail	Oreohelix strigosa berryi	G5T2	S1S2	-	≤ 5% state	limestone talus
Bitterroot Mountainsnail	Oreohelix amariradix	G1G2	S1S2	-	≤ 5% state	talus, dry conifer forests
Carinate Mountainsnail	Oreohelix elrodi	G1	S1	-	≤ 5% state	talus, mixed mesic conifer forests
Columbia Pebblesnial	Fluminicola fuscus	G2	SH	-		mountain rivers
Gallatin Mountainsnail	Oreohelix yavapai mariae	G4T1	S1	-	≤ 5% state	limestone talus

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Common Name	Scientific Name	Global Rank	State Rank	Federal Status	CFWCS Status ¹	Range Note ²	Habitat
Mollusks (continued)							
Humped Coin	Polygyrella polygyrella	G3	S1S2		-	≤ 5% state	moist conifer forests
Keeled Mountainsnail	Oreohelix carinifera	G1	S1		-	≤ 5% state	limestone, dry conifer forests
Lake Disc	Discus brunsoni	G1	S1		-	≤ 5% state	talus, mesic conifer forests
Large-mantle Physa	Physa megalochlamys	G3	S1		-	*	wetland/lake w/ emergent vegetation
Lyre Mantleslug	Udosarx lyrata	G2	S1		-	≤ 5% state	moist conifer forests
Magnum Mantleslug	Magnipelta mycophaga	G3	S2S3		-		moist conifer forests
Marbled Jumping-slug	Hemphillia danielsi	G2G3	S1S2		-	≤ 5% state	mesic/moist conifer forests
Pale Jumping-slug	Hemphillia camelus	G4	S1S2		-	≤ 5% state	mesic/moist conifer forests
Pygmy Slug	Kootenaia burkei	G2	S1S2		-	≤ 5% state	moist conifer forests
Reticulate Taildropper	Prophysaon andersoni	G5	S1S2		-	≤ 5% state	moist conifer forests
Robust Lancetooth	Haplotrema vancouvernese	G5	S1S2		-	≤ 5% state	moist conifer forests
Rocky Mountain Capshell	Acroloxus coloradensis	G3	S1		-	*	lakes
Rocky Mountain Duskysnail	Colligyrus greggi	G4	S1		-	*	springs, cold mountain streams
Sheathed Slug	Zacoleus idahoensis	G3G4	S2S3		-		mesic/moist conifer forests
Shortface Lanx	Fisherola nuttalli	G2	SH		-		lakes
Smoky Taildropper	Prophysaon humile	G3	S2S3		<u>-</u>		moist conifer forests
Striate Disc	Discus shimekii	G5	S1		=		aspen
Western Pearlshell	Margaritifera falcata	G4G5	S2		-		mountain streams/rivers
Crustaceans							
A cave obligate Amphipod	Stygobromus montanensis	G1G2	S1S2		-	*	cave springs
A cave obligate Amphipod	Stygobromus obscurus	G1G2	S1S2		-	*	cave springs
A cave obligate Amphipod	Stygobromus puteanus	G1G2	S1S2		-	*	cave springs
A cave obligate Amphipod	Stygobromus tritus	G1G2	S1S2		-	*	cave springs
A cave obligate Isopod	Salmasellus steganothrix	G2G3	S1S2		-	*	cave springs
Glacier Amphipod	Stygobromus glacialis	G1G3	S1S2		-	*	cave springs
Insects							
Beetles							
Brown's Microcylloepus Riffle Beetle	Microcylloepus browni	G1	S1		-	*	springs
Warm Spring Zaitzevian Riffle Beetle	Zaitzevia thermae	G1	S1		-	*	springs
Butterflies							
Alberta Fritillary	Boloria alberta	G3	S2S3		-	≤ 5% state	alpine
Frigga Fritillary	Boloria frigga	G5	S1S2		-		montane wetlands
Gillett's Checkerspot	Euphydryas gillettii	G2G3	S2		-		wet meadows
Gray Comma	Polygonia progne	G4G5	S2		-		parklands
Magdalena Alpine	Erebia magdalena	G5	S2		-	≤ 5% state	alpine

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Common Name	Scientific Name	Global Rank	State Rank	Federal Status	CFWCS Status ¹	Range Note ²	Habitat
Insects (continued)				- Claras	- Ctatas	11010	1141011641
Butterflies (continued)							
Ottoe Skipper Caddisflies	Hesperia ottoe	G3G4	S2S3		-		grasslands
A Rhyacophilan Caddisfly	Rhyacophila ebria	G2G3	S1		-	*	alpine mountain streams
A Rhyacophilan Caddisfly	Rhyacophila gemona	G2G3	S2		-	*	forested mountain springs
A Rhyacophilan Caddisfly	Rhyacophila rickeri	G2G3	S2		-	*	forested mountain springs
A Rhyacophilan Caddisfly	Rhyacophila glaciera	G3	S1		-	*	alpine mountain streams
A Rhyacophilan Caddisfly	Rhyacophila newelli	G2	S2		-	*	alpine mountain streams
A Rhyacophilan Caddisfly	Rhyacophila potteri	G1G2	S2		-	*	forested mountain springs
Alexander's Rhyacophilan Caddisfly	Rhyacophila alexanderi	G2	S2		-	*	mountain/alpine streams
NRMR Caddisfly ³	Goereilla baumanni	<u>G2</u>	S2		-	*	forested mountain springs
NRMR Caddisfly ³	Rossiana montana	G2G3	S2		-	*	forested mountain springs
Damselflies							
ast Best Place Damselfly	Enallagma optimolocus	G1G3Q	S1S3		-	*	wetlands
Subarctic Bluet	Coenagrion interrogatum	G5	S1S2		-	≤ 5% state	wetlands
Dragonflies							
Boreal Whiteface	Leucorrhinia borealis	G5	S1		-		wetlands
Brimstone Clubtail	Stylurus intricatus	G4	S1		-		large prairie rivers
Brush-tipped Emerald	Somatochlora walshii	G5	S1S2		-		wetlands
Eastern Ringtail	Erpetogomphus designatus	G5	S1		-	≤ 5% state	large prairie rivers
Subarctic Darner	Aeshna subarctica	G5	S1S2		-		wetlands
Western Pondhawk	Erythemis collocata	G5	S1S2		-		wetlands
Mayflies							
A Mayfly	Caenis youngi	G4	S2		-		sloughs/backwaters
A Mayfly	Lachlania saskatchewanensis	G4	S1		-	*	large prairie rivers
A Mayfly	Raptoheptagenia cruentata	G4	S2		-	*	large prairie rivers
A Sand-dwelling Mayfly	Anepeorus rusticus	G2	S1		-	*	large prairie rivers
A Sand-dwelling Mayfly	Homoeoneuria alleni	G4	S2		-	*	large prairie rivers
A Sand-dwelling Mayfly	Macdunnoa nipawinia	G2G3	S2		-	*	large prairie rivers
_olo Mayfly	Caurinella idahoensis	G3	S2		-	*	small forested mountain streams
Springtails							
A Springtail	Oncopodura cruciata	G1G2	S1S2		-	≤ 5% state	caves
Stoneflies							
A Stonefly	Isocapnia crinita	G4	S2		-	*	alpine mountain streams
A Stonefly	Isocapnia integra	G4	S2		-	*	alpine mountain streams

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³ NRMR = Northern Rocky Mountain Refugium

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Common Name	Scientific Name	Global Rank	State Rank	Federal Status	CFWCS Status¹	Range Note ²	Habitat
Insects (continued)							
Stoneflies (continued)							
A Stonefly	Isoperla petersoni	G5	S2		=	≤ 5% state	alpine mountain streams
A Stonefly	Utacapnia columbiana	G4	S2		-	*	alpine mountain streams
A Stonefly	Zapada cordillera	G3	S2		-	*	alpine mountain streams
Clearwater Roachfly	Soliperla salish	G2	S2		-	*	small forested mountain streams
Meltwater Lednian Stonefly	Lednia tumana	G1	S1		-	*	alpine streams
NRMR Stonefly ³	Soyedina potteri	<u>G2</u>	<u>S2</u>		-	*	small forested mountain streams
Western Glacier Stonefly	Zapada glacier	G2	S1		-	*	alpine streams
Other - Spiders, Spong	ges, Millipedes						
A cave obligate Harvestman	Cryptobunus cavicolus	G1G2	S1S2		-	≤ 5% state	caves
A Freshwater Sponge	Ephydatia cooperensis	G1G3	S1S3		-	*	lakes
A Millipede	Adrityla cucullata	G1G3	S1S3		-		dry mixed conifer forest clearings
A Millipede	Austrotyla montani	G1G3	S1S3		-		mixed conifer forests
A Millipede	Corypus cochlearis	G1G3	S1S3		-		mixed conifer forests
A Millipede	Endopus parvipes	G1G3	S1S3		-		subalpine mixed conifer forests
A Millipede	Lophomus laxus	G1G3	S1S3		-		mixed conifer forests
A Millipede	Orophe cabinetus	G1G3	S1S3		-		moist mixed conifer forests
A Millipede	Orthogmus oculatus	G1G3	S1S3		-		mixed conifer forests
A Millipede	Taiyutyla curvata	G1G3	S1S3		-		moist mixed conifer forests

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POTENTIAL SPECIES OF CONCERN

Vertebrates		Global	State	Federal	CFWCS	Range	
Common Name	Scientific Name	Rank	Rank	Status	Status ¹	Note ²	Habitat
Mammals							
Hayden's Shrew	Sorex haydeni	G4	S3S4		II - II		sagebrush/grasslands
Hoary Marmot	Marmota calagata	G5	S3S4		I - I		alpine/subalpine meadow/rock outcrop
Idaho Pocket Gopher	Thomomys idahoensis	G4	S2S4		II - I	≥ 20% global	sagebrush/grasslands in deep soils
Silver-haired Bat	Lasionycteris noctivagans	G5	<u>S4</u>		II - II		riparian and forest habitats
Uinta Ground Squirrel	Spermophilus armatus	G5	S3S4		II - I		subalpine meadows
Wyoming Ground Squirrel	Spermophilus elegans	G5	S3S4		II - I	≥ 20% global	sagebrush/grasslands, rock outcrops
Yuma Myotis	Myotis yumanensis	G5	S3S4		II - II		riparian and mixed forest habitats
Birds							
Barrow's Goldeneye	Bucephala islandica	G5	S4		III - III		riparian forests
Black-and-white Warbler	Mniotilta varia	G5	<u>S4B</u>		II - I		deciduous forests
Broad-tailed Hummingbird	Selasphorus platycercus	G5	<u>S4B</u>		II - II	≤ 5% state	montane shrublands/woodlands
Cassin's Kingbird	Tyrannus vociferans	G5	<u>S4B</u>		II - II		grasslands
Chimney Swift	Chaetura pelagica	G5	S3S4B		III - I		human habitation
Common Poorwill	Phalaenoptilus nuttallii	G5	<u>S4B</u>		III - I		open confier woodlands
Dickcissel	Spiza americana	G5	<u>S4B</u>	BLM	II - II		tall grasslands
Eastern Bluebird	Sialia sialis	G5	<u>S4B</u>		II - I		prairie woodlands
Eastern Screech-Owl	Megascops asio	G5	S3S4		III - II		prairie riparian forests
Hooded Merganser	Lophodytes cucullatus	G5	S4		II - III		riparian forests
Northern Hawk Owl	Surnia ulula	G5	<u>\$4</u>		III - I	≤ 5% state	conifer forest
Ovenbird	Seiurus aurocapilla	G5	<u>S4B</u>		III - III		mixed conifer forests
Plumbeous Vireo	Vireo plumbeus	G5	S3S4B		-		conifer forest and riparian
Rufous Hummingbird	Selasphorus rufus	G5	S4B		III - II		open and brushy forests
Short-eared Owl	Asio flammeus	G5	<u>\$4</u>		III - II		grasslands
Swainson's Hawk	Buteo swainsoni	G5	<u>S4B</u>	BLM	II - II		sage/grassland w/ woody vegetation
Tennessee Warbler	Vermivora peregrina	G5	S3S4B		III - III		mixed conifer forests
Western Screech-Owl	Megascops kennicottii	G5	S3S4		III - III		western riparian forest
Amphians							
Northern Leopard Frog	Rana pipiens (Great Plains)	G5	<u>\$4</u>	USFS, BLM	I - I		wetlands, floodplain pools
Fish							
Brassy Minnow	Hybognathus hankinsoni	G5	SU		III - I		small prairie rivers
Brook Stickleback	Culaea inconstans	G5	SU		III - III		small prairie rivers
Burbot	Lota lota	G5	SU		I - II		large rivers/lakes
Creek Chub	Semotilus atromaculatus	G5	SU		III - II		small prairie rivers

¹ Conservation Tier - Inventory Tier 2 ≤ 5% state = species' current breeding range occupies ≤ 5% of Montana; and ≥ 20% global = ≥ 20% of species' current global breeding range is in Montana

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Common Name	Scientific Name	Global Rank	State Rank	Federal Status	CFWCS Status ¹	Range Note ²	Habitat
Fish (continued)							
Iowa Darter	Etheostoma exile	G5	SU		III - I		small prairie rivers
Northern Redbelly Dace	Phoxinus eos	G5	SU		III - II		small prairie rivers
Plains Minnow	Hybognathus placitus	G4	SU		III - I		small & large prairie rivers
Pygmy Whitefish	Prosopium coulteri	G5	SU		III - III	≤ 5% state	lakes
Invertebrates							
Mollusks							
Fir Pinwheel	Radiodiscus abietum	G4	S3S4		-		moist conifer forests
Threeridge Valvata	Valvata tricarnata	G5	S2S3		-	≤ 5% state	large coldwater rivers
Insects							
Beetles							
Coppery Tiger Beetle	Cicindela cuprascens	G5	S3		-		sandy beaches
Sandy Tiger Beetle	Cicindela limbata	<u>G4</u>	S3		-		sandy sagebrush/grasslands
Butterflies							
Astarte Fritillary	Boloria astarte	G5	S2S3		-	≤ 5% state	alpine
Colorado Alpine	Erebia callias	G5	S2S3		-	≤ 5% state	alpine
Eyed Brown	Satyrodes eurydice	G4	S2S3		-		wetlands
Freija Fritillary	Boloria freija	G5	S3S5		-		subalpine willows
Giant Sulphur	Colias gigantea	G5	S3		-		montane willows
Indra Swallowtail	Papillo indra	G5	S2S3		-		grasslands/rock outcrops
Labrador Sulphur	Colias nastes	G5	S2S3		-		alpine
Melissa Arctic	Oeneis melissa	G5	S2S3		-		alpine
Mormon Metalmark	Apodemia mormo	G5	S3S5		-		sagebrush/grasslands
Northern Marble	Euchloe creusa	G5	S1S3		-	≤ 5% state	subalpine forest openings
Red-disked Alpine	Erebia discoidalis	G5	S3S5		-		grasslands
Rockslide Checkerspot	Chlosyne whitneyi	G4G5	S3S5		-		alpine
Tawny Crescent	Phyciodes batesii	G4	S2S3		-		grasslands
White Admiral	Limenitis arthemis	G5	S2S3		-		riparian forest
White-veined Arctic	Oeneis bore	G5	S2S3		-	≤ 5% state	alpine
Caddisflies							
An Agapetus Caddisfly	Agapetus montanus	G3	S3		-	≥ 20% global	valley/mountain forested streams
NRMR Caddisfly ³	Sericostriata surdickae	G2G3	S3		-	*	small forested mountain streams
Damselflies							
Alkali Bluet	Enallagma clausum	G5	S2S4		-		wetland/lake w/ emergent vegetation
Arroyo Bluet	Enallagma praevarum	G5	S3S5		-		wetland/lake w/ emergent vegetation

¹ Conservation Tier - Inventory Tier 2 < 5% state = species' current breeding range occupies < 5% of Montana; and > 20% global = > 20% of species' current global breeding range is in Montana; * = both < 5% state and > 20% global

³ NRMR = Northern Rocky Mountain Refugium

Common Name	Scientific Name	Global Rank	State Rank	Federal Status	CFWCS Status ¹	Range Note ²	Habitat
Insects (continued)							
Damselflies (continued)							
Emma's Dancer	Argia emma	G5	S3S5		-		wetland/lake w/ emergent vegetation
Familiar Bluet	Enallagma civile	G5	S2S4		-		wetland/lake w/ emergent vegetation
Paiute Dancer	Argia alberta	G4	S2S3		-		wetland/lake w/ emergent vegetation
Prairie Bluet	Coenagrion angulatum	G5	S1S3		-		small prairie streams/wetlands
Vivid Dancer	Argia vivida	G5	S3S5		-		wetland/lake w/ emergent vegetation
Dragonflies							
Black-tipped Darner	Aeshna tuberculifera	G4	S2S4		-		wetland/lake w/ emergent vegetation
Blue-eyed Darner	Rhionaeshna multicolor	G5	S2S4		-		wetland/lake w/ emergent vegetation
California Darner	Rhionaeshna californica	G5	S3S5		-		wetland/lake w/ emergent vegetation
Chalk-fronted Corporal	Ladona julia	G5	S3S4		-		wetland/lake w/ emergent vegetation
Crimson-ringed Whiteface	Leucorrhinia glacialis	G5	S3		-		wetland/lake w/ emergent vegetation
Flame Skimmer	Libellula saturata	G5	S2S4		-		wetland/lake w/ emergent vegetation
Horned Clubtail	Arigomphus cornutus	G4	S2S4		-		large prairie rivers
Hudsonian Emerald	Somatochlora hudsonica	G5	S2S4		-		wetland/lake w/ emergent vegetation
Lake Darner	Aeshna eremita	G5	S3S4		-		wetland/lake w/ emergent vegetation
Lance-tipped Darner	Aeshna constricta	G5	S1S3		-		wetland/lake w/ emergent vegetation
Mountain Emerald	Somatochlora semicircularis	G5	S3S5		-		wetlands
Ocellated Emerald	Somatochlora minor	G5	S2S4		-		wetland/lake w/ emergent vegetation
Plains Clubtail	Gomphus externus	G5	S2S4		-		large prairie rivers
Pronghorn Clubtail	Gomphus graslinellus	G5	S3S5		-		large prairie rivers
Red-veined Meadowhawk	Sympetrum madidum	G4	S2S3		-		wetland/lake w/ emergent vegetation
Ringed Emerald	Somatochlora albicincta	G5	S1S3		-		wetlands
Sedge Darner	Aeshna juncea	G5	S3S5		-		wetlands
Sinuous Snaketail	Ophiogomphus occidentis	G4	S2S4		-		large cold rivers
Spiny Baskettail	Epitheca spinigera	G5	S3S5		-		wetland/lake w/ emergent vegetation
Zigzag Darner	Aeshna sitchensis	G5	S2S3		-		large prairie rivers
Mayflies							
A Sand-dwelling Mayfly	Analetris eximia	G3	S3		-		large prairie rivers
NRMR Mayfly ³	Caudatella edmundsi	G3	S3		-	≥ 20% global	small forested mountain streams
Sponges							
A Freshwater Sponge	Heteromeyenia baileyi	G5	S1S3		-		lakes

¹ Conservation Tier - Inventory Tier ² ≤ 5% state = species' current breeding range occupies ≤ 5% of Montana; and ≥ 20% global = ≥ 20% of species' current global breeding range is in Montana ³ NRMR = Northern Rocky Mountain Refugium

HABITAT ASSOCIATION SUMMARIES BY ANIMAL GROUP FOR SPECIES OF CONCERN AND POTENTIAL SPECIES OF CONCERN

	Mammals	Birds
	Sagebrush/Grassland38%	Sagebrush/Grassland23%
	Riparian Forest16%	Conifer Forest21%
	Conifer Forest11%	Wetlands16%
	Rock Outcrop11%	Riparian Forest13%
	Wetlands11%	Streams/Rivers/Lakes12%
	Alpine5%	Other/Generalist11%
	Other/Generalist5%	Alpine4%
\	Caves	

Reptiles	Amphibians
Rock Outcrop33%Streams/Rivers/Lakes33%Other/Generalist11%Sagebrush/Grassland11%Wetlands11%	Wetlands

	Fish	Invertebrates		
	Mountain Streams/Rivers/Lakes37%	Streams/Rivers/Lakes	34%	
	Prairie Streams/Rivers/Lakes56%	Wetlands	26%	
	Large Rivers/Lakes7%	Conifer Forest	14%	1
	8	Alpine	8%	
		Caves	6%	
		Rock Outcrop	5%	
		Sagebrush/Grassland	5%	
\		Other/Generalist	2%	
		Riparian Forest	1%	

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